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## John Alex Young

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JOHN F. GLOVER was born at Hartleton, Union County, Pennsylvania, September 16, 1845, and died at Sibley, Iowa, January 17, 1921. He was taken by his parents, William and Eliza Glover, in their removal to Stephenson County, Illinois, in 1846. He was living at Monroe, Wisconsin, when the Civil War began and in 1864 enlisted in Company D, Thirty-eighth Wisconsin Infantry, but was later transferred to Company F. He was promoted to sergeant and then to second lieutenant. After the war he resumed his studies and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1871, and that of Master of Arts in 1874. In 1869 he purchased some government land in Lyon County, Iowa. In 1871 he removed to Osceola County, Iowa. He served this county as clerk of the District Court from January, 1873, to January, 1876. He was elected representative in 1875 and served in the Sixteenth General Assembly. In 1878 he was admitted to the bar. He was mayor of Sibley in 1891-94. In 1908 he was ordained a minister by the Congregational church and served as a supply minister in Iowa, Minnesota, and Missouri. In his early life he had newspaper experience on the Sibley Gazette and the Sheldon Mail. In his later life he wrote much for the press, especially for the Sioux City Journal. He was an active Republican and a public-spirited and useful citizen.

Amos Hiatt was born near New Lexington, Ohio, November 23, 1843, and died at Seattle, Washington, January 1, 1921. He removed with his parents to the vicinity of Oskaloosa, Iowa, in 1857. On August 17, 1862, he enlisted in Company D, Thirty-third Iowa Infantry, was promoted to corporal, sergeant, second lieutenant, and, during the siege of Mobile, performed the duties of captain, and was mustered out at New Orleans, July 17, 1865. In 1866 he entered the State University of Iowa and was graduated therefrom in 1870. He taught algebra in the University two years, was principal of the Brooklyn schools for a year, 1871-2, was county superintendent of schools of Johnson County in 1873-4, was principal of the Anamosa schools in 1875-6, was principal of the Iowa City Academy from 1877 to 1883, and in 1885 became superintendent of the East Des Moines schools, continuing as such eighteen years, or until 1903. He was an able, conscientious, and successful school man and endeared himself to great numbers of young people. The Amos Hiatt Junior High School, in East Des Moines, was named in his honor. In 1903 he removed to Ceres, California, and engaged in fruit raising. His death occurred while temporarily with his son at Seattle. The body was cremated and the ashes deposited at Los Angeles.

JOHN ALEX YOUNG was born in Rush County, Indiana, July 29, 1838, and died April 20, 1921, at Colfax, Iowa, where he was temporarily staying at the home of his daughter. Burial was at Washington, Iowa. In 1843 he was brought by his parents, James N. and Sally (Eyestone)

Young, when they removed to Washington County, Iowa. He attended country school and was three years at Iowa Wesleyan College, Mount Pleasant. In 1857 he commenced teaching, and followed that vocation until 1860 when he began farming. He enlisted in Company A, Twentyfifth Iowa Infantry, and was appointed second lieutenant August 15, 1862, was promoted to first lieutenant June 11, 1863, and to captain June 12, 1864. He was twice wounded, was with Sherman's Army in its march to the sea, and was in the grand review at Washington, D. C., at the end of the war. He then returned home and resumed farming. In 1871 he was elected county auditor of Washington County and served two years. In January, 1874, he became assistant cashier of the Washington National Bank, and in 1878 was promoted to cashier, which position he held for thirty-two years, or until 1910, when he resigned. His success as a banker was exceptional. He served as mayor of Washington in 1879 and 1880. In 1901 he was elected senator and served in the Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, and Thirty-first general assemblies, where he ranked as a useful member.

JOHN R. CALDWELL was born at Arch Spring, Pennsylvania, January 28, 1856, and died at Toledo, Iowa, February 16, 1921. Burial was at Spruce Creek, Pennsylvania. He was the son of Israel and Rebecca Caldwell. When he was seven years old his parents removed to Philadelphia and he attended public school in that city, and later, Logan Academy at Bellwood. He taught school in Huntington and Blair counties, removed to Iowa in 1877, and was principal of the Dysart public schools from 1879 to 1883. He was graduated from the Law Department of the State University of Iowa in 1884 and that year entered on the practice of law at Toledo. In 1886, by appointment of Governor Larrabee, he acted as one of the commissioners to locate the Soldiers' Home, now at Marshalltown. He was Tama County's first county attorney, serving from 1887 to 1890 inclusive. In December, 1891, Governor Boies appointed him district judge of the Seventeenth Judicial District to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of L. G. Kinne who had been elected a member of the Supreme Court. At the next election, November, 1892, he was elected for the remainder of the term, and served to the end of 1894. He then resumed practice at Toledo which he continued until shortly before his death.

George Bourdillon Stewart was born in Burlington, Iowa, June 16, 1865, and died in Fort Madison, January 21, 1921. He was the only son of Rev. George D. and Emily (Walker) Stewart, the father being a prominent Presbyterian minister. The family removed to Fort Madison in 1877. There young Stewart attended public school, later went to Lake Forest Academy, Lake Forest, Illinois, and later pursued a classical course in the University of Pennsylvania. He took a law course in the University of Michigan from which he was graduated in 1888. He

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